अनेक राज्य सरकारों के गैर-विकासकीय व्यय में गत वित्तीय वर्ष की अपेक्षा चालू वित्तीय वर्ष के दौरान अधिक वृद्धि हुई है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्योरा क्या है ; और

(ग) उन राज्यों के नाम क्या-क्या हैं जिनके गैर-विकासीय व्यय में वृद्धि हुई ?

वित्त मंत्रालय में व्यय विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री बी० के० गढ़वी) : (क) और (ख) भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक द्वारा किए गए विश्लेषण के अनुसार राज्यों के गैरविकासात्मक व्यय में 1987–88 में हुई 18.3 % की वृद्धि की अपेक्षा चालू वित्त वर्ष के दौरान 20.4 प्रतिशत की वृद्धि होने का अनुमान है।

(ग) अरुणाचल प्रदेश, गोवा और नागालैंड को छोड़कर सभी राज्यों के मामले में वर्ष 1988–89 में गैर-विकासात्मक व्यय में वृद्धि होने की प्रत्याशा है।

News-Item Captioned 'Normal Crime on the rise in Punjab'

*37. SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH HANSPAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news-item captioned "Normal crime on the rise in Punjab" which appeared in the 'Times of India' of the 16th September, 1988;

(b) if so, whether it is a fact that since the 'Operation Black Thunder', the number of murders in Punjab has been increasing; and

(c) what are the exact causes of increase in murder incidents in Punjab and what steps the Central Government propose to take to check the trend?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI BUTA SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) According to the information furnished by the Government of Punjab the number of cases of murder registered in the months of June, July, August and September, 1988 is considerably less than the number of murder cases registered during May, 1983, the months in which 'Operation Black Thunder' was carried out. Thus there has been no increase in the number of cases of murders since 'Operation Black Thunder'.

Communal Disturbances in Karnataka

*38. SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI:
SHRI JAGADISH JANI:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any report from Karnataka Government about the recent communal disturbances in Bidar; if so, what are the details thereof;

(b) what is the number of persons killed/injured in the disturbances; and

(c) what steps have been taken to curb such incidents?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI BUTA SINGH): (a) and (b) According to the Government of Karnataka, on 15th September, 1988 as a sequal to an altercation on 14th September, 1988 there were several violent clashes between groups of Sikh students and their non-Sikh adversaries which led to widespread arson and looting by anti-social elements. The situation was brought under control by the evening of the same day with the arrival of DIG, Gulbarga and additional police re-inforcement from outside the district. Prohibitory orders were promulgated and peace meetings were convened with the leaders of two communities who agreed to cooperate with the district authorities in maintaining peace and comunal harmony.

In the comunal incident at Bidar in September, 1988, six persons died and 62 were injured.

(c) The DG and IGP Karnataka camped in Bidar from 15th to 19th September, 1988 and two senior Cabinet Ministers of the State Government also visited the affected area on 18th September, 1988 in order to strengthen the peace process. The district authorities also directed all Sikh and other outstation Sikh students studying in local institutions to assemble at the local Gurdwara for their own safety and for protection and they were also asked to return to their homes via Hyderabad under police escort.

Immediately upon learning of the communal clash, the Minister of State (Internal Security) discussed the matter with the Governor of Karnataka and the Union Home Secretary discussed the situation with the DG Police, Karnataka regarding the various measures being taken to control and defuse the communal situation and urging the State Government to take all possible measures to restore communal hormony.

Under the directions of the Prime Minister, a high powered team comprising Shri Sontosh Mohan Dev, Minister of State for Home, Shri Janardhana Poojary, Minister of State for Rural Development visited Bidar on 29th September, 1988 and discussed with the Chief Minister at Bangalore on the same day the communaly situation at Bidar. The Home Minister also discussed with the Chief Minister, Karnataka on 26th October, 1988 the question of return of students to Bidar for completing their studies and their examinations.

The Government of Karnataka ordered on 20th September, 1988 a judicial inquiry by a judge of the High Court regarding communal violence which took place at Bidar. The Chief Minister of Karnataka announced on 27th October, 1988 that Shri P. K. Shyamsunder, a sitting judge of the Karnataka High Court has been appointed as a one-man judicial-commission to inquire into the communal violence at Bidar who will submit his report to the Government within three months.

The Government of Karnataka has sanctioned ex-gratia payment of Rs. 20,000 each to the next of the kin of those killed and Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 5,000 each to those injured in the communal violence at Bidar. Further, a sum of Rs. ten lakhs has been sanctioned by the State Government to those persons who have suffered losses of property including books and educational aids lost by the students.

काजीरंगा राष्ट्रीय पार्क, असम में बाढ़ के कारण जानवरों की मृत्यु

*39. **श्री हरि सिंह :** क्या **पर्यावरण और वन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि हाल ही की बाढ़ के कारण काजीरंगा राष्ट्रीय पार्क, असम में बहुत से गैंडे, हिरण और दूसरे दुर्लभ जानवर मर गये हैं अथवा बह गये हैं ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है ; और

(ग) ऐसी स्थिति में जानवरों को बचाने के लिये क्या उपाय किये गये है ?

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्री (श्री जेड़० आर० अन्सारी) : (क) जी, हां ।

(ख) काजीरंगा राष्ट्रीय उद्यान में हाल ही में आई बाढ़ के कारण निम्नलिखित पशुओं के मरने की सूचना मिली है:—